State & Federal Energy Storage Technology Advancement Partnership (ESTAP)

Todd Olinsky-Paul Clean Energy States Alliance September 17-19, 2014







ESTAP is a project of CESA

Clean Energy States Alliance (CESA) is a non-profit organization providing a forum for states to work together to implement effective clean energy policies & programs:

- Information Exchange
- Partnership Development
- Joint Projects (National RPS Collaborative, Interstate Turbine Advisory Council)
- Clean Energy Program Design & Evaluations
- Analysis and Reports

CESA is supported by a coalition of states and public utilities, by federal contracts, and by foundation grants.







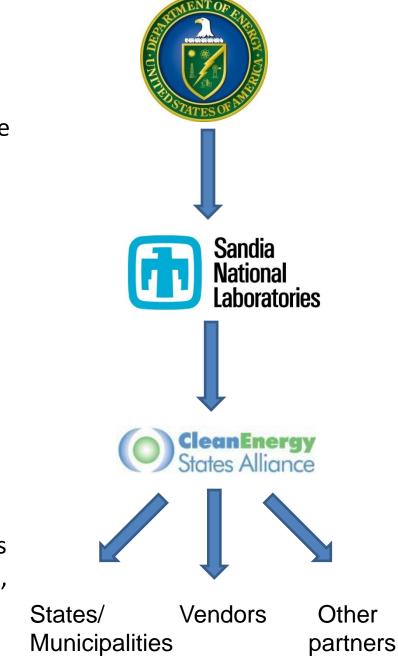
ESTAP* Overview

Purpose: Create new DOE-state energy storage partnerships and advance energy storage, with technical assistance from Sandia National Laboratories and funding from DOE-OE

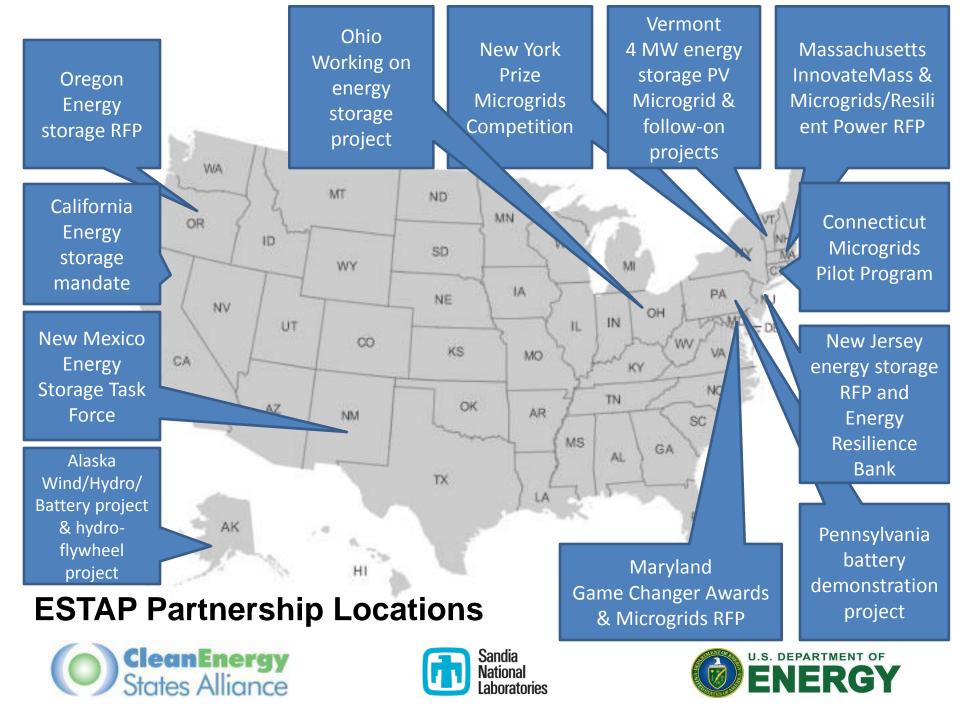
Key Activities:

- Disseminate information to stakeholders
- Facilitate federal/state partnerships to support energy storage program development and project deployment

Outcome: Energy storage project deployments across the U.S. with co-funding from states, project partners, and DOE



* (Energy Storage Technology Advancement Partnership)



A Blast from the Past -> September, 2012:

Why work with states?

Surveys Indicate Strong State Interest in Storage

• 75% of states responding "very interested" in collaborating on energy storage technology projects with DOE, especially commercial & demonstration projects.

States Have Resources

- From 1998-2009, state clean energy funds incentivized 70,000 projects 3 GW of installed capacity with \$2.7b
- With Renewable Energy Public Benefit Funds alone (18 states & DC), states will spend \$7.8b by 2017

States Are Important Partners

- Many state partners also have jurisdiction over utilities, resource planning, transmission and project siting, etc.
- State-stakeholder partnerships can ignite project ideas and creative funding arrangements



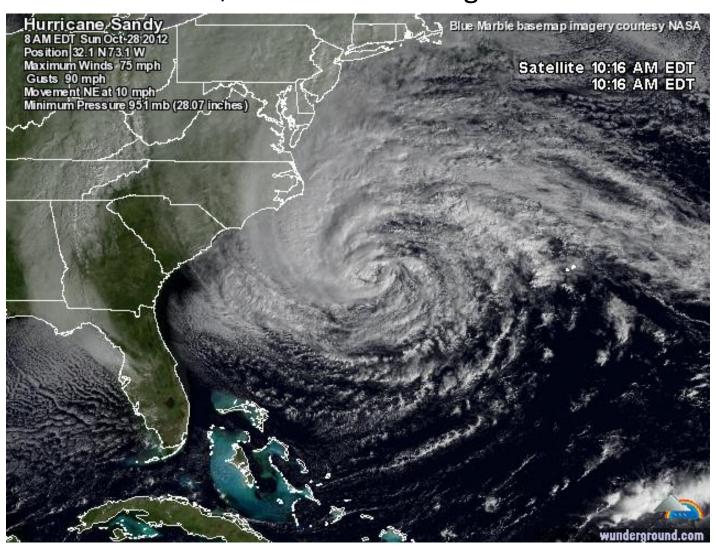






Hurricane Sandy

October 29, 2012 \$37 Billion in damages



New York









New Jersey



Seaside Heights

Hoboken

Marbletown, Massachusetts



Milford, Connecticut



Northeastern States Resilient Power Initiatives

Following Superstorm Sandy, the Northeastern states came to CESA/CEG seeking help in developing resilient power solutions.

CESA/DOE/Sandia role:

- Assist in RFP development
- Provide information to project developers
- Help to evaluate project proposals
- DOE \$ contribution to support qualifying projects
- Monitor and evaluate project performance once complete

Results

- Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP): \$48 Million, 3-year Microgrid Grand and Loan Pilot Program
- New Jersey Board of Public Utilities (BPU): \$10 Million Energy Storage Program and \$200 Million Energy Resilience Bank
- Massachusetts Division Of Energy Resources (DOER): \$40 Million Community Clean Energy Resiliency Initiative
- New York State Energy Research and Development Authority (NYSERDA): \$40 Million NY Prize microgrids competition
- Maryland Energy Administration Microgrids RFP: Coming This Fall

TOTAL: \$340 Million in new state funds in the Northeast alone







Connecticut DEEP Microgrid Grant and Loan Pilot Program

- \$45 million total state allocation
- Three year program
- Focus on municipal critical infrastructure projects

Round 1 Results

- Nine project grants awarded
- Two included electricity storage

Round 2 Results

- Five microgrid proposals
- Two include electricity storage
- Proposals under evaluation







New Jersey BPU Energy Resilience Bank

- \$200 Million in federal disaster relief funds
- Co-managed by NJ Board of Public Utilities and New Jersey Economic Development Authority
- 100% of unmet needs met through combination of grants and loans
- Energy storage with PV is an eligible technology
- First funding round = \$65 Million for water and wastewater treatment plants









New Jersey BPU Energy Storage Incentive Program

- \$10 Million, 4-year grant program
- Focus on critical infrastructure
- Energy storage devices must be paired with renewable generation
- Emphasis on projects that can be completed within 1 year
- Desire to build a sustainable market that does not rely on state funding
- Presence of storage can firm PV production, allowing it to participate in other incentive programs









Massachusetts DOER Community Clean Energy Resiliency Initiative

- \$40 million state incentive
- \$ coming from ACP payments
- Focus on critical infrastructure
- Municipalities will apply
- Round 1 (technical assistance grants) is complete









New York NYSERDA NY Prize Microgrid Challenge

- \$40 million competition
- "Community-based microgrids"
- NYSERDA seeking stakeholder input this fall



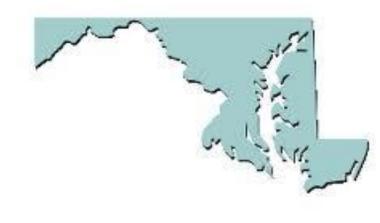






Maryland MEA Microgrids Initiative

WATCH THIS SPACE









Revisioning the Grids

In addition to these resilient power initiatives, a few states have begun a process of revisioning the electric grid:

- New York
- Massachusetts
- Hawaii

Grid modernization initiatives are focusing on:

- More distributed clean generation
- Greater role for distribution utilities
- Smartgrid and microgrid development
- Peak shifting and reduction of grid overcapacity
- Reduced outages, greater resiliency
- Optimized demand
- Improved asset management

Opportunities for energy storage

Meaningless Graphs

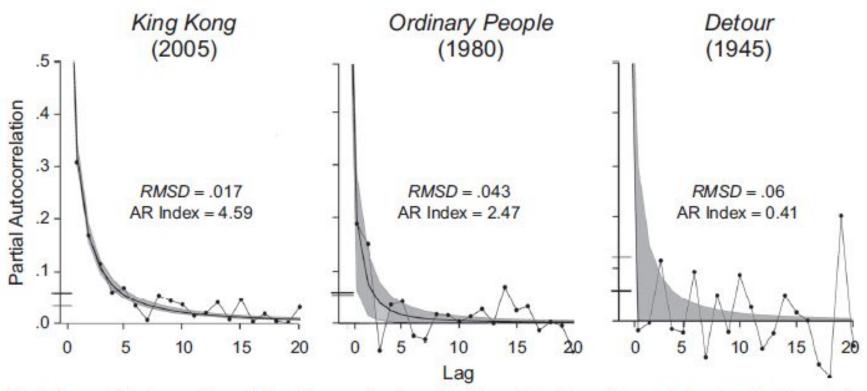


Fig. 1. Raw partial autocorrelations of three films as a function of lag (the ordinal distance between shots whose lengths are being compared). The thick lines represent the fits of a negative exponential function (1/[lag + 1]^β); that for *Detour* is thrust up against the ordinate and so cannot be seen. From left to right, the panels show results for films with the best, median, and worst fits across the 150 films. The ordinate is truncated because the Lag 0 value of 1.0 is uninformative. Gray areas indicate 95% confidence intervals around the best fit, determined by bootstrap. The additional tick marks on the ordinate indicate the upper bound of significant partial correlations; the thick mark is based on the mean number of shots across all films, and the thin one is based on the number of shots in the given film. Our modified autoregressive index (AR index) for each film (see Figs. 2a and 2b) was determined by the intersection of the exponential function and the mean upper bound for all films. *RMSD* is the root-mean-squared deviation between the fitted function and the raw data.



Vermont DPS Clean Energy Development Fund Electrical Energy Storage Demonstration Program

- Primary objective: to support the integration of renewables into the grid
- DOE, Sandia and CESA aided in developing RFP
- State contribution: \$50,000
- DOE contribution: \$250,000
- State issued solicitation, received and reviewed proposals
- Winning project: \$10 \$11 Million PV-powered microgrid developed by Green Mountain Power (utility)







4 MW Energy Storage + PV Microgrid in Vermont

GMP Stafford Hill Solar - Illustrative Plan



- 4 MW electricity storage
 - 2 MW lithium ion
 - 2 MW lead acid
- 2 MW solar PV
- 2 MW inverter capacity

- Brownfield redevelopment (sited on closed landfill)
- Resilient power for school serving as public shelter
- Future expansion planned

Oregon Energy Storage RFP

- Oregon DOE is following the "Vermont Model"
- RFI, workshop and other stakeholder input complete
- Energy storage RFP expected this Fall













Support CESA | Member Login | Join

SEARCH

ABOUT US

MEMBERSHIP

PROJECTS

RESOURCE LIBRARY

EVENTS

CONTACT US

Home / Projects / Energy Storage Technology Advancement Partnership

Energy Storage Technology Advancement Partnership

More CESA Projects

Overview

Energy Storage Events

Energy Storage News

Energy Storage Links

Energy Storage Resources and Webinar Archives Project Director: Todd Olinsky-Paul

Contact: Todd Olinsky Paul, Todd@cleanegroup.or

SIGN UP FOR THE LISTSERV

The Energy Storage Technology Advancement
Partnership (ESTAP) is a new federal-state funding
and information sharing project that aims to
accelerate the deployment of electrical energy
storage technologies in the U.S. The value
proposition for participating states is to work closely
with the U.S. Department of Energy's Office of
Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability (DOEOW) on near-term joint funding and technology
deployment, to join a network of leading states
supporting energy storage technology, and to
achieve faster progress in electrical energy storage
commercialization and economic development.



NEW RESOURCES

May 16, 2013 CESA Webinar Recording: Smart Grid, Grid Integration, Storage and Renewable Energy By CESA

UPCOMING EVENTS

June 18, 2013 ESTAP Webinar: An Overview of the Electricity Storage Handbook,

More Events

Rackground







Thank You:

Dr. Imre Gyuk

U.S. Department of Energy,
Office of Electricity Delivery and
Energy Reliability

Dan BorneoSandia National Laboratories







Thank You

Todd Olinsky-Paul
Clean Energy States Alliance
Energy Storage Technology Advancement Partnership (ESTAP)
Todd@cleanegroup.org





